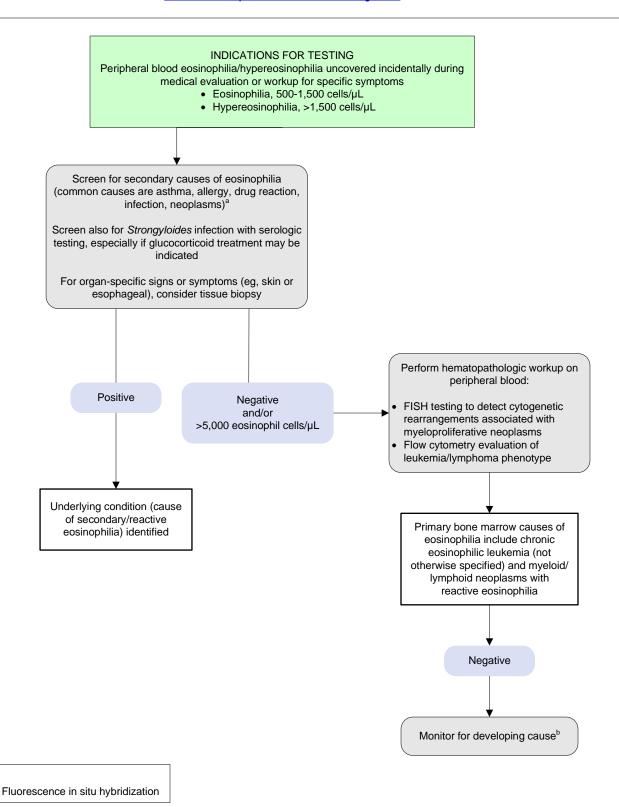


## **Eosinophil-Related Disorders Testing Algorithm**

Click here for topics associated with this algorithm



<sup>a</sup>Eosinophilia from any cause can be associated with thromboembolic phenomena and cardiac disease as detected by, for example, splinter hemorrhages, nail fold infarcts, and/or cardiac murmur of mitral insufficiency.

<sup>b</sup>Eosinophilia/hypereosinophilia of undetermined significance (also called benign eosinophilia or idiopathic hypereosinophilia). Cause may be detected or patient may continue to have benign eosinophilia (or be deemed to have familial eosinophilia, a rare subset of eosinophilia/hypereosinophilia of undetermined significance).

Source: Adapted from Gotlib J. World Health Organization-defined eosinophilic disorders: 2017 update on diagnosis, risk stratification, and management. *Am J Hematol.* 2017;92(11):1243-59.

**Abbreviation** FISH